

Package: srsbench (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title Evaluation Metrics for Spaced Repetition Schedulers

Version 0.1

Description Calibration and discrimination metrics for spaced-repetition memory models. Provides the sample-weighted binned root mean squared error (RMSE(bins)) used to rank schedulers in the open spaced repetition benchmark, together with log loss, the area under the ROC curve, and calibration curves.

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URL <https://github.com/chrislongros/srsbench>

BugReports <https://github.com/chrislongros/srsbench/issues>

Suggests tinytest

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Repository <https://chrislongros.r-universe.dev>

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calibration_bins	<i>Calibration curve in equal-width bins</i>
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Description

Calibration curve in equal-width bins

Usage

```
calibration_bins(p, y, n = 10)
```

Arguments

p	Numeric vector of predicted recall probabilities in $[0, 1]$.
y	Numeric vector of observed outcomes: 1 recalled, 0 forgotten.
n	Number of equal-width probability bins (default 10).

Value

A data frame with one row per bin: bin index, bin bounds, mean predicted probability, observed recall rate and review count. Empty bins have NA means and a count of 0.

Examples

```
calibration_bins(p = c(0.1, 0.2, 0.8, 0.9), y = c(0, 0, 1, 1), n = 5)
```

log_loss	<i>Log loss (binary cross-entropy)</i>
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Description

Log loss (binary cross-entropy)

Usage

```
log_loss(p, y, weights = NULL, eps = 1e-15)
```

Arguments

p	Numeric vector of predicted recall probabilities in $[0, 1]$.
y	Numeric vector of observed outcomes: 1 recalled, 0 forgotten.
weights	Optional numeric vector of non-negative per-review weights (default 1).
eps	Small value used to clip p away from 0 and 1.

Value

A single non-negative number; lower is better.

Examples

```
log_loss(p = c(0.9, 0.1), y = c(1, 0))
```

rmse_bins	<i>RMSE in bins for a spaced repetition scheduler</i>
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Description

Computes the sample-weighted binned root mean squared error used to rank schedulers in the open spaced repetition benchmark. Reviews are grouped into bins along three log-quantised axes – the interval (`elapsed_days`), the review number (`i`) and the number of prior lapses (`lapse`) – then the mean predicted and mean observed recall are compared within each bin and combined, weighting each bin by its number of reviews.

Usage

```
rmse_bins(p, y, elapsed_days, i, lapse, weights = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>p</code>	Numeric vector of predicted recall probabilities in $[0, 1]$.
<code>y</code>	Numeric vector of observed outcomes: 1 recalled, 0 forgotten.
<code>elapsed_days</code>	Numeric vector of review intervals in days.
<code>i</code>	Numeric vector giving each review's position in its card's history (1 for the first review, 2 for the second, and so on).
<code>lapse</code>	Numeric vector giving the number of lapses before each review.
<code>weights</code>	Optional numeric vector of non-negative per-review weights (default 1).

Value

A single non-negative number; lower is better calibrated.

References

RMSE(bins) is the metric defined by the open spaced repetition benchmark; this is an independent R implementation of its `rmse_matrix` definition. <https://github.com/open-spaced-repetition/srs-benchmark>

Examples

```
rmse_bins(p = c(0.9, 0.2), y = c(1, 0),
          elapsed_days = c(2, 100), i = c(2, 5), lapse = c(0, 1))
```

srs_auc	<i>Area under the ROC curve</i>
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Description

A rank-based (Mann-Whitney) estimate of discrimination, with no external dependencies. Ties in p are handled by mid-ranks.

Usage

```
srs_auc(p, y)
```

Arguments

p	Numeric vector of predicted recall probabilities in $[\theta, 1]$.
y	Numeric vector of observed outcomes: 1 recalled, θ forgotten.

Value

The AUC in $[\theta, 1]$, or NA if y has only one class.

Examples

```
srs_auc(p = c(0.9, 0.8, 0.2, 0.1), y = c(1, 1, 0, 0))
```

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